# Level 2 Functional Skills Mathematics Sample paper 1 

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## Guidance notes for Sample Paper Mark Schemes Level 2

## Notes for marking open response Problem Solving questions in Section 2:

The mark scheme has been carefully constructed to avoid penalising candidates repeatedly for similar errors.

1) The principle of follow through applies throughout unless otherwise stated. This allows the candidates to gain credit for subsequent correct calculation based on a previous incorrect answer. There is no follow-through between questions, but may be in multistage calculations within a question.
2) Units or numbers shown in brackets on the mark scheme are not required for the awarding of mark/s on the candidate's paper. However, if a candidate states units they must be correct:
eg 24(cm) means accept 24 cm or 24 but not 24 m
eg ( $£) 72.5(0)$ means accept $£ 72.50$ or $£ 72.5$ or 72.50 or 72.5
3) Correct money format is expected in final answers unless otherwise indicated eg by brackets ie pounds must have two decimal places or no decimal places unless otherwise stated.
eg (£)5.00 or (£)5 not (£)5.0
eg (£)72.50 not (£)72.5
eg (£)37.43 not (£)37.432
4) URT means unrounded, rounded or truncated; the underlining defines the acceptable limit of approximation:
eg 860. 8652 URT ( $U$ is the unrounded version)
the following are acceptable: $860(T)$ or $861(R) 860.8(T)$ or $860.9(R)$ or $860.86(T)$ or $860.87(R)$ or $860.865(R)$ or 860.8652 (U) but not eg 900.

The $3^{\text {rd }}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ columns of the mark schemes show the marks to be given for specific responses. Marks in bold are for fully correct answers. Where full marks are not achieved, examiners will award the marks that correspond to the responses given in the grey rows below. Any unforeseen but creditable responses are noted during the early stage of marking and are considered and, where appropriate, added to the mark scheme by the Chief Examiner when the mark scheme is finalised.

Where the marks are awarded for a complete correct method with one calculation error, examiners give the mark for a substantially correct solution with a single accuracy error or single (or consistent) early rounding, but not with a method error.

Maths Level 2 Sample paper 1: Section 1 - Non-calculator
For paper-based, examiners should accept correct answers given as words, including misspelt variants. Candidates must not lose marks for incorrect spelling.

| Question | Total marks | Marks | Marks awarded for | Item type | Subject content statement reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 66.67 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UPK Short } \\ & \text { answer fixed } \\ & \text { response } \end{aligned}$ | SCS4 [1] |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 28 or 28.0 or 28.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UPK Short } \\ & \text { answer fixed } \\ & \text { response } \end{aligned}$ | SCS5 [1] |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UPK MC } \\ & \text { fixed } \\ & \text { response } \end{aligned}$ | SCS7 [1] |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | $\frac{3}{5}$ ie 3 in top box AND 5 in bottom box | UPK Short answer fixed response | SCS8 [1] |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | $\frac{3}{14}$ ie 3 in top box AND 14 in bottom box | UPK Short answer fixed response | SCS7 [1] |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | 400 or 400.0 or 400.00 | UPK Short answer fixed response | SCS12 [1] |
| 7 | 1 | 1 | 90 or 90.0 or 90.00 | UPK Short answer fixed response | SCS3 [1] |
| 8 | 1 | 1 | 70 or 70.0 or 70.00 | UPK Short answer fixed response | SCS22 [1] |
| 9 | 1 | 1 | 905 or 905.0 or 905.00 | UPK Short answer fixed response | SCS12 [1] |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 51.768 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UPK Short } \\ & \text { answer fixed } \\ & \text { response } \end{aligned}$ | SCS10 [1] |
| 11 | 1 | 1 | 120 (miles) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Problem } \\ & \text { solving short } \\ & \text { answer fixed } \end{aligned}$ response | SCS11 [1] |
| 12 | 1 | 1 | $\frac{1}{16}$ ie 1 in top box AND 16 in bottom box | Problem solving short answer fixed response | SCS26 [1] |
| 13 | 1 | 1 | B | Problem solving MC fixed response | SCS1 [1] |
| 14 | 1 | 1 | AJ and MT and RD and JR all ticked | Problem solving short answer fixed response | SCS23 [1] |
| 15 | 1 | 1 | 1.5 (km) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Problem } \\ \text { solving short } \\ \text { answer fixed } \end{gathered}$ response | SCS18 [1] |

Total for Section 15 marks

| Maths Level 2 Sample paper 1: Section 2 - Calculator permitted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| For paper-based, examiners should accept correct answers given as words, including misspelt |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| variants. Candidates must not lose marks for incorrect spelling. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  | median class 0-9 = 1 mark <br> In the event of a candidate giving the modal class as $0-9=1$ mark |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 4 | 3 | (£)506.25 | Problem solving Short answer response | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCS2 [1] } \\ & \text { SCS15 [3] } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 2 | complete correct method with one calculation error or ( $£) 405$ for Monday to Friday <br> or (£)101.25 For Saturday |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | (£) 13.50 for Saturday rate or 37.5 hours for Mon-Friday seen |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | a suitable check of their calculations using reasonable approximated values eg $(5 \times 7 \times 10=350)+(1.25 \times 10 \times 8=100)=450$ |  |  |
| 12 | 4 | 3 | (£)8.894117647 URT for cost of travelling extra distance per week | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Problem } \\ & \text { solving } \\ & \text { Short } \\ & \text { answer } \\ & \text { open } \\ & \text { response } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCS10 [1] } \\ & \text { SCS11 [1] } \\ & \text { SCS13 [1] } \\ & \text { SCS15 [1] } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 2 | 7.058823529 URT for litres per week <br> or 14.82352941 URT for pence per mile or 4.44705882 URT for travelling extra distance based on journey one way only or a complete correct method with one error or early rounding |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 60 for miles per week <br> (Note this may be split if they do it per journey and then double at the end or if they do one day and then x 5 at the end) |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | comparison of their calculated increased travel cost with increased pay (£8.50) <br> AND decision with explanation just comparing the two values or reference to things like increased servicing costs/wear and tear etc |  |  |
| 13 | 5 | 5 | monthly tickets recommended AND explanation referring to cost AND time of travel/off-peak restrictions AND (£)682.20 for total for monthly tickets AND (£)832 for day returns AND (£)769.60 for weekly tickets | ProblemsolvingShortansweropenresponse | SCS13 [5] |
|  |  | 4 | monthly tickets recommended or ticket consistent with their results and explanation referring to cost or time of travel/offpeak restrictions and $(£) 682.20$ for total for monthly tickets and ( $£$ ) 832 for day returns and ( $£$ ) 769.60 for weekly ticket or complete correct method with one calculation or rounding error and corresponding decision and explanation |  |  |
|  |  | 3 | monthly tickets recommended or ticket consistent with their results and explanation referring to cost or time of travel/offpeak restrictions and two of total costs from (£)682.20 for monthly tickets; ( $£$ ) 832 for day returns; (£)769.60 for weekly tickets or all three total costs correct, but incorrect/no recommendation |  |  |



## Example graph for Section 2 Question 15



