# Functional Skills Level 2 MATHEMATICS <br> 8362/2 

Paper 2 Calculator
Mark scheme
March 2020
Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

Examinations are marked to award positive achievement. To facilitate marking, the following categories are used:

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
dep If a mark is given as 'M1dep' it means that if the values used for the mark are incorrect a learner must have been awarded the previous mark(s) to gain this mark. However, the use of correct values for this mark implies the previous mark(s).
eg

| $17 \div 2$ or 8.5 | M1 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| their $8.5 \times 9$ or 76.5 | M1dep |  |

eg 1: a learner shows $17 \div 2=9.5$, then $9.5 \times 9 \mathrm{M} 1$ for $17 \div 2$ calculated, then M1dep for correct use of the result of that calculation; a correct method has been shown for the first mark, even though the result is incorrect.
eg 2: a learner shows $9.5 \times 9 \mathrm{MO}$, as the first mark cannot be awarded because no method has been shown.
eg 3: a learner shows 76.5 M 2 , as the correct value gains the second mark and implies the first mark.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

## Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

## Section A

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1} 1$ | A | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | More than one point is choice | B0 |  |  |
|  | M1 |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 2 | $(180-36) \div 2$ or 72 | M1 | may be seen on diagram |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $180 \text { - their } 72$ <br> or their $72+36$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 108 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 4 | $0.7 \times 0.7$ | M1 | oe fraction, decimal or percentage |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 0.49 | A1 | oe fraction, decimal or percentage |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $\frac{49}{100}$ followed by incorrect cancelling M1A1 |  |  |



## Section B

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 6(a) | Alternative method 1 using Mean |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \times 1(+) 1 \times 2(+) 1 \times 3(+) 4 \times 4 \\ & (+) 6 \times 5 \\ & \text { or } 0(+) 2(+) 3(+) 16(+) 30 \end{aligned}$ <br> or 51 | M1 | oe <br> may be seen on table <br> condone 1 (+) 2 (+) 3 (+) 16 (+) 30 <br> condone 52 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (0 \times 1+1 \times 2+1 \times 3+4 \times 4+ \\ & 6 \times 5) \div 12 \\ & \text { or }(0+2+3+16+30) \div 12 \\ & \text { their } 51 \div 12 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | 4.25 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Race B and 4.25 (>4.1) | B1ft | ft their mean with M2 scored |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 using Median |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3,4,4,4,4,5,5,5,5,5,5 \\ & \text { or } 2,3,4,4,4,4,5 \\ & \text { or } 4,5,5,5,5,5,5 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | may be indicated on table or implied by 4 and 5 |  |
|  | 4 and 5 identified | M1dep |  |  |
|  | 4.5 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Race B and 4.5 (> 4) | B1ft | ft their median with M2 scored |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | median $=4.25$ only or mean $=4.5$ only |  |  | MOMOAOBOft |
|  | Mean (=) 4.25 and Race B only |  |  | M1M1A1B1ft |
|  | Median (=) 4.5 and Race B only |  |  | M1M1A1B1ft |
|  | $1+2+3+16+30$ followed by $52 \div 12=4.3(3 \ldots)$ and Race B chosen |  |  | M1M1A0B1ft |
|  | $(0+) 1+1+4+6$ and $(0+) 2+3+16+30$ with no further work |  |  | M1M0A0B0 |
|  | If mean $=4.25$ is seen then rounded to 4.3 do not penalise. |  |  |  |
|  | If mean and median found then mark the best |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore any reference to the range |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 6(c) | $60 \div 1.6 \text { or } 37.5$ <br> or $15 \times 1.6 \text { or } 24$ | M1 | converts 60 km to mile or converts 15 mph to km |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | their $37.5 \div 15$ <br> or <br> $60 \div$ their 24 <br> or <br> 2.5 (hours) | M1 | oe eg 150 (mins), eg their 37.5 must be from conversion of 60 to mi <br> their 24 must be from conversion of 15 to km | $15=37.5$ <br> attempt at <br> ttempt at |
|  | $167 \div 60$ or 2.78 (...) or 2 h 47 <br> or 167 - their 150 or 17 <br> or their $2 \mathrm{~h} 30+10$ or 2 h 40 <br> or their $2.5+0.16(\ldots)$ or $2.66(\ldots)$ <br> or their $150+10$ or 160 <br> or 167 - 10 or 157 | M1 | oe eg 160 minutes |  |
|  | 7 (minutes) (later) and Yes or (waits for) 17 (minutes) and Yes or 2 h 40 and 2 h 47 and Yes or 2.66(...) and 2.78(...) and Yes or 0.28 and $0.16(\ldots)$ and $Y e s$ or 160 and Yes or 150 and 157 and Yes | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 150 implies M2 |  |  |  |
|  | 2h 30 and 2h 47 and Yes |  | M1M1M1A0 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 7(a) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $50-12.5(0) \text { or } 37.5(0)$ <br> or $12.5(0) \times 3$ | M1 | $\text { oe eg } \frac{37.5}{50}$ |  |
|  | $\frac{375}{500}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ | A1 | or equivalent fraction eg $\frac{75}{100}$ |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{125}{500} \text { or } 1-\frac{125}{500}$ | M1 | oe eg $\frac{1}{4}$, eg $\frac{12.5}{50}$, eg $1-\frac{1}{4}$, eg $\frac{37.5}{50}$, eg 0.75 , eg $25 \%$, eg $75 \%$ |  |
|  | $\frac{375}{500}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ | A1 | or equivalent fraction eg $\frac{75}{100}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore incorrect simplification or conversion of a correct fraction |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 7(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{2}{36} \times 450$ or 25 <br> or $450 \div 36$ or 12.5 <br> or $36 \div \frac{450}{100}$ or 8 | M1 | oe |
|  | $26.4 \div$ their $8 \times 2$ or 6.6 or $\frac{\text { their } 25}{100} \times 26.4$ or 6.6 or $26.4 \div$ their 8 or 3.3 or their $12.5 \times 26.4 \div 100$ or 3.3 | M1dep | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { their } 6.6}{30}(\times 100) \\ & \text { or } \frac{\text { their } 3.3}{30} \times 2(\times 100) \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe eg 0.22 |
|  | 22 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $26.4 \times \frac{450}{100}$ or 118.8 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $118.8 \div 36 \times 2$ or 6.6 or their $118.8 \div 36$ or 3.3 | M1dep | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { their } 6.6}{30}(\times 100) \\ & \text { or } \frac{\text { their } 3.3}{30} \times 2(\times 100) \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe eg 0.22 |
|  | 22 | A1 |  |
|  |  | ditional | uidance |
|  |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 8(a) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $10.2 \times 3.5$ or 35.7 <br> or $3 \times 5.4 \div 2$ or 8.1 <br> or $4.8 \times 3.5$ or 16.8 <br> or $\frac{3.5+6.5}{2} \times 5.4$ or 27 | M1 | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (10.2 \times 3.5)+(3 \times 5.4 \div 2) \\ & \text { or } 43.8 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |
|  | their $43.8 \times 120$ | M1dep | dep on M2 |
|  | 5256 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $10.2 \times 3.5$ or 35.7 <br> or $3 \times 5.4 \div 2$ or 8.1 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $35.7 \times 120$ or 4284 and their $8.1 \times 120$ or 972 | M1dep | oe |
|  | their 4284 + their 972 | M1dep | oe |
|  | 5256 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $10.2 \times 6.5$ or 66.3 or $4.8 \times 3(.0)$ or 14.4 or $3(.0) \times 5.4 \div 2$ or 8.1 or $3 \times \frac{10.2+4.8}{2}$ or 22.5 | M1 | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (10.2 \times 6.5)-(4.8 \times 3(.0))-(3(.0) \\ & \times 5.4 \div 2) \end{aligned}$ <br> or 43.8 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $43.8 \times 120$ | M1dep | dep on M2 |
|  | 5256 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |

First M mark may be awarded even if not subsequently used.

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



|  | Answer 5 only or answer 2 only | zero |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |


| 8(c) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{3 \times 35.75 \times 2}{11} \div 1.5$ | M4 | oe complete method |
|  |  |  | M3 three correct steps seen with 35.75 in |
|  |  |  | $\frac{3 \times 35.75 \times 2}{11}$ |
|  |  |  | $\frac{3 \times 35.75}{11} \div 1.5$ |
|  |  |  | $\frac{35.75 \times 2}{11} \div 1.5$ |
|  |  |  | $3 \times 35.75 \times 2 \div 1.5$ |
|  |  |  | M2 any two correct steps seen with 35.75 in the first step |
|  |  |  | $\frac{35.75 \times 2}{11}$ |
|  |  |  | $\underline{3 \times 35.75}$ |
|  |  |  | $\frac{35.75}{11} \div 1.5$ |
|  |  |  | $3 \times 35.75 \times 2$ |
|  |  |  | $35.75 \times 2 \div 1.5$ |
|  |  |  | $3 \times 35.75 \div 1.5$ |
|  |  |  | M1 any one correct step with 35.75 seen or implied |
|  |  |  | $\frac{35.75}{11} \text { or } 3.25$ |
|  |  |  | $35.75 \times 2$ or 71.5 |
|  |  |  | $35.75 \times 3$ or 107.25 |
|  |  |  | $35.75 \div 1.5$ or $23.8(3 \ldots)$ |
|  | 13 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $1.5 \div 3 \times 8$ or 4 | M1 | amount of water needed for 1 bottle |
|  | $1.5+$ their 4 or 5.5 | M1dep | amount of coating from one bottle |
|  | their $5.5 \div 2$ or 2.75 | M1dep | coverage from one bottle |
|  | $35.75 \div$ their 2.75 | M1dep | number of bottles needed |


|  | 13 | A1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Mark scheme and guidance continue on next page

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Alternative method 3

| $1.5 \div 3 \times 8$ or 4 | M1 | amount of water needed for 1 bottle |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $1.5+$ their 4 or 5.5 | M1dep | amount of coating from one bottle |
| $35.75 \div$ their 5.5 or 6.5 | M1dep | sq metres per bottle |
| their $6.5 \times 2$ | M1dep | number of bottles needed |
| 13 | A1 |  |

## Additional Guidance

In alternative 1 the steps may be carried out in any order but must start with 35.75

Eg $35.75 \div 11=3.25 \mathrm{M} 1$ divide driveway into ratio $3: 8$
$3.25 \times 3=9.75 \mathrm{M} 1$
$9.75 \times 2=19.5 \mathrm{M} 1$ double for the number of litres
$19.5 \div 1.5=13 \mathrm{M} 1 \mathrm{~A} 1$ divides by 1.5 for the number of bottles

| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 9(a) | Plots remaining points correctly $(2,250),(3.2,180)$ | B1 | $\pm 1 / 2$ a small square ignore any additional points plotted |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Draws an appropriate line of best fit | B1 | for the 10 or 12 points intended single straight line of any length |  |
|  | Draws a horizontal line from 280 to their line of best fit | M1 | implied by mark at the correct place on their line of best fit or on horizontal axis or the correct reading from their line of best fit |  |
|  | Correct reading from their line of best fit | A1ft | $\pm 1 / 2$ a small square <br> ft their line of best fit must be decreasing throughout <br> condone missing units |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | If no line is drawn then the only mark available is the B 1 for plotting the 2 extra points |  |  |  |
|  | No points are plotted, but a line of best fit drawn can score all but the first mark |  |  |  |
|  | For the second $B$ mark an appropriate line of best fit is a line of any length which is intended to be straight, that follows the trend of the data and has at least 3 points on either side |  |  |  |
|  | For the accuracy mark $\pm 1 / 2$ a small square is taken to be from the correct reading on the horizontal axis for their line of best fit using 280 on the vertical axis |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore any horizontal and vertical lines that come from the values in the table |  |  |  |
|  | Ignore any reference to $£ 280$ on the answer line |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 9(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $15.9 \times 0.6 \text { or } 9.54$ <br> or $15.9 \div 0.53$ or 30 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $9.54 \div 0.53$ <br> or their $30 \times 0.6$ or 18 | M1dep | oe |
|  | $10.05 \div 2.65 \text { or } 3.79(\ldots)$ <br> or 3.8 <br> or 3 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $18 \div$ their 3 or 6 | M1dep | oe <br> dep on all previous marks |
|  | their $6 \times 13.85$ or 83.1 | M1dep | oe <br> dep on 4th mark |
|  | 83.10 | A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SC4 } 249.30 \\ & \text { SC3 } 249.3 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $15.9 \times 0.6$ or 9.54 | M1 | oe |
|  | $10.05 \div 2.65 \text { or } 3.79(\ldots)$ <br> or 3.8 <br> or 3 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $3 \times 0.53$ or $1.59(\times 100)$ | M1dep | oe dep on previous mark |
|  | their $9.54 \div$ their 1.59 or 6 | M1dep | oe dep on all previous marks |
|  | their $6 \times 13.85$ | M1dep | oe dep on 4th mark |
|  | 83.10 | A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SC4 } 249.30 \\ & \text { SC3 } 249.3 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | ditional | uidance |
|  | Allow working in cm througho |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 9(c) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1 \frac{1}{2}+2 \frac{1}{4}+\frac{9}{10} \text { or } 4 \frac{13}{20}$ <br> or $1.5+2.25+0.9(0) \text { or } 4.65$ | M1 | oe eg working in cm $150+225+90$ or 465 |
|  | $15 \times 12$ or 180 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $180 \times 2.5 \div 100$ or 4.5 or $4 \frac{10}{20}$ | M1dep | oe <br> dep on previous M mark |
|  | $4 \frac{13}{20}$ and $4 \frac{10}{20}$ and No or 4.65 and 4.5 and No | A1 | oe |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $15 \times 12$ or 180 | M1 | oe |
|  | $1 \frac{1}{2}+2 \frac{1}{4}+\frac{9}{10} \text { or } 4 \frac{13}{20}$ <br> or $1.5+2.25+0.9(0) \text { or } 4.65$ | M1 | oe eg working in cm $150+225+90$ or 465 |
|  | their $4.65 \times 100 \div 2.5$ or 186 | M1dep | oe dep on previous M mark |
|  | 180 and 186 and No | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $15 \times 12$ or 180 | M1 | oe |
|  | their $180 \times 2.5 \div 100$ or 4.5 or $4 \frac{10}{20}$ | M1dep | oe eg $15 \times 12 \times 2.5$ |
|  | their $4.5-(1.5+2.25+0.9(0))$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | -0.15(m) and No | A1 | oe eg 15 cm short (and No) |

Mark scheme and guidance continues on next page

| 9(c) cont'd | Alternative method 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1.5+2.25+0.9(0) \text { or } 4.65$ <br> or $150+225+90 \text { or } 465$ | M1 | oe |
|  | their $4.65 \times 100 \div 2.5$ <br> or <br> their $465 \div 2.5$ <br> or <br> 186 | M1dep | oe |
|  | their $186 \div 12$ or 15.5 | M1dep | oe eg their $4.65 \div(2.5 \times 12)$ |
|  | 15.5 and No | A1 | oe eg 15 feet 6 inches and No |
|  | Alternative method 5 |  |  |
|  | $1.50 \times 100 \div 2.5 \text { or } 60$ <br> and $2.25 \times 100 \div 2.5 \text { or } 90$ <br> and $0.9(0) \times 100 \div 2.5 \text { or } 36$ | M1 | oe |
|  | ```their 60 \div12 or 5 and their 90 \div 12 or 7.5 and their 36 \div12 or 3 or their 60 + their 90 + their 36 or 186``` | M1dep | oe |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their } 5+\text { their } 7.5+\text { their } 3 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 186 \div 12 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 15.5 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | 15.5 and No | A1 | oe eg 15 feet 6 inches and No |

Mark scheme continues on next pageqa

|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Allow working in cm consistently throughout for full marks in alts 1, 2, 3 <br> eg Alt 1: 465 (cm) and 450 $(\mathrm{cm})$ and No | M3A1 |  |


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