## AQA

# Functional Skills Certificate Functional Mathematics 

Level 1

Mark scheme

June 2018

Version/Stage: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper.
Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

Examinations are marked to award positive achievement.
Marks are awarded for demonstrating the following interrelated process skills.
Representing Selecting the mathematics and information to model a situation.
R. 1 Candidates recognise that a situation has aspects that can be represented using mathematics.
R. 2 Candidates make an initial model of a situation using suitable forms of representation.
R. 3 Candidates decide on the methods, operations and tools, including ICT, to use in a situation.
R. 4 Candidates select the mathematical information to use.

Analysing Processing and using mathematics.
A. 1 Candidates use appropriate mathematical procedures.
A. 2 Candidates examine patterns and relationships.
A. 3 Candidates change values and assumptions or adjust relationships to see the effects on answers in models.
A. $4 \quad$ Candidates find results and solutions.

Interpreting Interpreting and communicating the results of the analysis.
I. 1 Candidates interpret results and solutions.
I. 2 Candidates draw conclusions in light of situations.
I. 3 Candidates consider the appropriateness and accuracy of results and conclusions.
I. 4 Candidates choose appropriate language and forms of presentation to communicate results and solutions.

In particular, individual marks are mapped onto the following skills standards.
Representing Making sense of the situations and representing them. A learner can:

Ra Understand routine and non-routine problems in familiar and unfamiliar contexts and situations.

Rb Identify the situation or problems and identify the mathematical methods needed to solve them.

Rc Choose from a range of mathematics to find solutions.
Analysing Processing and using the mathematics.
A learner can:
Aa Apply a range of mathematics to find solutions.

Ab Use appropriate checking procedures and evaluate their effectiveness at each stage.

Interpreting Interpreting and communicating the results of the analysis.
A learner can:
la Interpret and communicate solutions to multistage practical problems in familiar and unfamiliar contexts and situations.
lb Draw conclusions and provide mathematical justifications.
To facilitate marking, the following categories are used:
M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 (a) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(30+31+31+28) \times 3$ <br> and $120 \times 3=360$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ \text { I } \end{gathered}$ | $\text { B1 } 30+31+31+28$ <br> or $120 \times 3$ |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $360 \div 3=120$ <br> and $30+31+31+28=120$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ \text { I } \end{gathered}$ | $\text { B1 } 360 \div 3$ <br> or $30+31+31+28$ |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $30 \times 3$ and $31 \times 3$ and $28 \times 3$ and $90+93+93+84=360$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ \text { I } \end{gathered}$ | B1 At least two of $30 \times 3$ or $31 \times 3$ or $28 \times 3$ or $90+93+93+84$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $(30+31+31+28) \times 3=360$ is not sufficient for B2. 120 must be seen. Award B1 only <br> Beware $3 \times 30=90$ and $90 \times 4=360 \quad$ B0 $30+30+30+30=120 \text { and } 3 \times 120=360 \quad B 0$ |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
|  | $360 \times 80$ or 28800 | M1 Ra |  |
|  | their $28800 \div 1000$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Aa } \end{aligned}$ | or $29 \times 1000$ or 29000 |
|  | 28.(8) and Yes <br> or <br> 28800 and 29000 and Yes <br> or <br> 28800 and (she would have) 200 left | $\begin{gathered} \text { A2 } \\ \text { I } \end{gathered}$ | A1 28.(8) <br> or <br> A1 28800 and 29000 <br> or <br> A1 28800 and 200 <br> A1ft correct decision for their value(s) if both method marks scored |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $29 \times 1000$ or 29000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Ra } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | their $29000 \div 80$ | M1 <br> Aa | their 29000 can be digits 29 with an incorrect number of zeros |
|  | 362(.5) and Yes | $\begin{gathered} \text { A2 } \\ \text { I } \end{gathered}$ | A1 362(.5) <br> or <br> A1ft correct decision for their value if both method marks scored |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $29 \times 1000$ or 29000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Ra } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | their $29000 \div 360$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Aa } \end{aligned}$ | their 29000 can be digits 29 with an incorrect number of zeros |
|  | 80.5(...) or 80.6 and Yes | $\begin{gathered} \text { A2 } \\ \text {, } \end{gathered}$ | A1 80.5(...) or 80.6 <br> or <br> A1 ft correct decision for their value if both method marks scored |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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1 (c)

| Alternative method $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| their $28800 \div 2$ or 14400 | M 1 |  |
| $R a$ | or $80 \div 2 \times 360$ |  |
| their $14400 \div 200$ or 72 | M1 | their 14400 can be their 28800 or 29000 |
|  | $R c$ | or 14500 or their $28800 \times 2$ or $29000 \times 2$ |
| their $72 \times 34$ or 2448 <br> or <br> their $72 \times 0.34$ or 24.48 | M1 | their 72 cannot be 200 |
| (£)24.48 | A1ft | ft their 28800 from (b) |

Alternative method 2

| $80 \div 2$ or 40 | M1 <br> $R a$ | implied by 5 seen |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $360 \div(200 \div$ their 40$)$ M1 <br> or $(360 \times 40) \div 200$ Rc <br> or $360 \div 5$  <br> or 72  |  |  |
| their $72 \times 34$ or 2448 <br> or <br> their $72 \times 0.34$ or 24.48 | M1 | their 72 cannot be 200 |
| (£) 24.48 | A1 |  |

## Additional Guidance

Not halving the amount for the lard can gain the 2nd and 3rd method marks only eg $80 \times 2=160$
$160 \times 360=57600$ M0
$57600 \div 200=288 \quad$ M1
$288 \times 34 \mathrm{p}=£ 97.92 \mathrm{M} 1 \mathrm{~A} 0$

|  | Beware of $360 \times 2 \times 34=244.80$ or $200 \times 0.34 \times 360=24480$ <br> These score no marks even if then changed to 24.48 <br> $360 \times 0.34$ does not gain credit unless further method is seen (eg dividing by 5) |
| :--- | :--- |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 1(d) cont'd | Alternative method 4-comparing differences |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jenny $-2,+2,-1,(0),(0),-4,+3,(0),-2,-1$ <br> or $-10+5$ <br> or <br> Emma $+2,-2,+1,(0),(0),+4,-3,(0),+2,+1$ <br> or (+)10-5 | M1 <br> Aa | Condone one error or omission |
|  | Yes Jenny had 5 less or <br> Yes Emma had 5 more | A2 l | A1 5 or -5 from correct method or A1ft correct decision for their values |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | If a student is attempting to work out the means you must mark using Alt 2. Do not ignore as further work <br> Example <br> $38 \div 10=0.38,43 \div 10=0.43$ Yes M1A0A1ft <br> Beware - Emma sees more on 5 days scores M0A0 |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 2 (a) | $6 \times 39$ or 234 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & R b \end{aligned}$ | step 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | their $234 \div 4$ | M1 <br> Rc | step 2 |
|  | 58.5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Accept } \frac{117}{2}$ |
| check | reverse or alt calculation $\text { eg } 58.5 \times 4=234$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & A b \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
| 2(a) | Condone alternative order of multiplying and dividing (step $16 \div 4$ or 1.5 , step 2 their $1.5 \times 39$ ) Mark holistically so method can be seen in check and check can be seen in main answer space Ignore units |  |  |


| 2 (b) | $14 \times 16=224$ <br> or <br> $224 \div 14=16$ <br> or <br> $224 \div 16=14$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 2 (d) | 5 by 5 square drawn or at least one 2 by 2 square drawn | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Ra} \end{aligned}$ | anywhere in the grid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | at least one 7.5 by 4 rectangle drawn | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ | anywhere in the grid |
|  | two 7.5 by 4 rectangles or three 2 by 2 squares | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ | anywhere in the grid |
|  | at least 1 swing set in the north half and <br> all their rockers in the south half | $\begin{gathered} \text { B1 } \\ \text { / } \end{gathered}$ | Whole swing set must be in north half May be an incorrect number of rockers Do not have to be correct size-can be pictures of swings/rockers |
|  | Correct number and size of each type of item labelled at least once | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} 1 \\ \text { l } \end{gathered}$ | Do not have to be in the correct half of the play area |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Lines do not need to be ruled <br> Mark intention with measurements less than a quarter square out <br> They can label just one swing set and/or just one rocker provided it is clear which items are the same |  |  |


| 3 (a) | $£ 160$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Rb} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 3 (c) | $\frac{15}{60}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ (hour) <br> or $60 \div 15 \text { or } 4$ <br> or $892 \div 60 \text { or } 14 .(8 \ldots) \text { or } 14.9$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & R c \end{aligned}$ | Implied by division by 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 892 \times \text { their } \frac{1}{4} \\ & \text { or } \\ & 892 \div \text { their } 4 \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { their } 14.8(\ldots) \times 15 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 892 \div 2 \div 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & R b \end{aligned}$ | Their $\frac{1}{4}$ or their 4 must be from attempting fraction of an hour or number of 15 mins in an hour <br> their 14.(8...) must be an attempt at calories per minute |
|  | 223 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ | SC2 172 |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $892 \div 60 \times 15$ implies M2 <br> $892 \div 2 \div 2$ implies M2 <br> Truncating 14.8...to 14 gives a final answer of 210 and scores M2A0 |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 4 (a) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \times 5 \text { or } 30 \\ & \text { or } 6 \times 3 \text { or } 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Ra } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 125 - their 30 or 95 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & R b \end{aligned}$ | their 30 cannot be their 18 |
|  | 75 + their 18 or 93 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ | their 18 cannot be their 30 |
|  | 95 and 93 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A} 1 \\ \text { l } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \times 5 \text { or } 30 \\ & \text { or } 6 \times 3 \text { or } 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Ra } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 125 - their 30 or 95 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & R b \end{aligned}$ | their 30 cannot be their 18 |
|  | their 95-75 or 20 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 20 and 18 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A} 1 \\ \text { l } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \times 5 \text { or } 30 \\ & \text { or } 6 \times 3 \text { or } 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { Ra } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | their $30+$ their 18 or 48 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 125-75 or 50 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} 1 \\ R \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 48 and 50 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A} 1 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ |  |


|  | Additional Guidance |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 4 (b) | £6 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Aa |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 4 (c) | 7.5(0) and 5.6(0) and 5.4(0 and 1.55 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} 2 \\ \mathrm{Aa} \mathrm{Aa} \end{gathered}$ | B1 any 2 correct |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 33.9(0) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \mathrm{ft} \\ & A a \end{aligned}$ | ft their total if at least 2 corre seen | values are |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | The 4 given values total $£ 13.85$ |  |  |  |


| 4 (d) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(35 \times 1.2(0)) \div 2$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 21 and No |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A2 } \\ & \text { I । } \end{aligned}$ | A1 21 <br> A1ft correct conclusion for their value SC1 42 and Yes |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $(40 \times 2) \div 1.2(0)$ | $(40 \times 2) \div 35$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} 1 \\ & \mathrm{Aa} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 66(.6...) or 66.7 <br> or 67 <br> and No | $\begin{aligned} & 2.28(\ldots) \text { or } \\ & 2.29 \\ & \text { and No } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A2 } \\ & \text { I } \end{aligned}$ | A1 66(.6...) or 66.7 or 67 <br> or $2.28(\ldots)$ or 2.29 <br> A1ft correct conclusion for their value <br> SC1 33.(3...) and Yes <br> or <br> SC1 1.14(...) and Yes |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 4 (f) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \times 58 \text { or } 5.8(0) \\ & \text { or } 580(\text { p }) \text { or }(£) 5.80 \text { p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & R c \end{aligned}$ | 52.2(0) implies M1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $£ 5.80$ or 580 p | $\begin{gathered} \text { A1 } \\ \text { / } \end{gathered}$ | must be correct money notation must have $£$ or $p$ condone $£ 5.80 \mathrm{p}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | 5.8 seen scores M1 (even if choice) subtracting the discount can score 1 mark example$\begin{aligned} & 58 \div 10=5.8(0) \\ & 58-5.8(0)=52.20 \mathrm{M} 1 \mathrm{~A} 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

