|  | Number Patterns E3 Mark Scheme |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | The sequence is increasing. $4-1=3$, so the rule is +3 | [1] |
| 1(b) | The sequence is decreasing. $15-13=2$, so the rule is -2 | [1] |
| 1(c) | The sequence is increasing. $61-55=6$, so the rule is +6 | [1] |
| 1(d) | The sequence is decreasing. $180-175=-5$, so the rule is -5 | [1] |
| 2(a) | The sequence is increasing. $2.6-2.2=0.4$, so the rule is +0.4 | [1] |
| 2(b) | The sequence is increasing. $0.4-0.1=0.3$, so the rule is +0.3 | [1] |
| 2(c) | The sequence is decreasing. $6.5-5.7=0.9$, so the rule is -0.9 | [1] |
| 2(d) | The sequence is decreasing. $9.9-9.7=0.2$, so the rule is -0.2 | [1] |
| 3(a) | The sequence is increasing. $6-3=3$, so the rule is +3 | [1] |
|  | $12+3=15$, so 15 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 3(b) | The sequence is increasing. $18-13=5$, so the rule is +5 | [1] |
|  | $28+5=33$, so 33 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 3(c) | The sequence is decreasing. $19-15=4$, so the rule is -4 | [1] |
|  | $7-4=3$, so 3 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 3(d) | The sequence is decreasing. $120-114=6$, so the rule is -6 | [1] |
|  | $102-6=96$, so 96 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 4(a) | The sequence is decreasing. $11.2-11.0=0.2$, so the rule is -0.2 | [1] |
|  | $10.6-0.2=10.4$, so 10.4 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 4(b) | The sequence is increasing. $4.0-3.3=0.7$, so the rule is +0.7 | [1] |
|  | $5.4+0.7=6.1$, so 6.1 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |


| 4(c) | The sequence is increasing. $2.3-1.2=1.1$, so the rule is +1.1 | [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $4.5+1.1=5.6$, so 5.6 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 4(d) | The sequence is decreasing. $0.9-0.7=0.2$, so the rule is -0.2 | [1] |
|  | $0.3-0.2=0.1$, so 0.1 is the next term in the sequence | [1] |
| 5(a) | $180-145=35$, so John removes 35 balls each minute | [1] |
| 5(b) | The sequence is decreasing, and the rule is -35 $75-35=40$, so there will be 40 balls remaining in the box | [1] |
| 6 | The sequence is increasing. $27-23=4$, so the rule is +4 | [1] |
|  | $35+4=39$, so she will have 39 stamps in May | [1] |
| 7(a) | The sequence is decreasing. $91.2-87.8=3.4$, so the rule is -3.4 kg | [1] |
| 7(b) | $81.0-3.4=77.6$, so Peter will weigh 77.6 kg after the $5^{\text {th }}$ month | [1] |
| 8 | The sequence is increasing. $1.35-1.32=0.03$, so the rule is +0.03 m | [1] |
|  | $1.38+0.03=1.41$, so Alfie will be 1.41 m tall after the $4^{\text {th }}$ year | [1] |
| 9 | The sequence is increasing. $9.84-9.53=0.31$, so the rule is $+£ 0.31$ | [1] |
|  | $10.15+0.31=10.46$, so Deontay's hourly wage for 2021 will be $£ 10.46$ | [1] |
|  | $10.46+0.31=10.77$, so Deontay's hourly wage for 2022 will be $£ 10.77$ | [1] |
|  |  |  |


| 10 | The sequence is decreasing. <br> $3400-3150=250$, so the rule is $-£ 250$ | $[1]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | We have to apply the rule three times. <br> Once gives $2900-250=2650$ in 2018 <br> Twice gives $2650-250=2400$ in 2019 | $[1]$ |
|  | Three times gives $2400-250=2150$ in 2020, so <br> the car is worth $£ 2150$ in 2020 | $[1]$ |

