

# Level 1 Functional Skills Mathematics

## Sample paper 2



A City & Guilds Group Business

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Mark scheme



# Guidance notes for Sample Paper Mark Schemes

## Level 1

### Notes for marking open response Problem Solving questions in Section 2:

The mark scheme has been carefully constructed to avoid penalising candidates repeatedly for similar errors.

1) The principle of follow through applies throughout unless otherwise stated. This allows the candidates to gain credit for subsequent correct calculation based on a previous incorrect answer. There is no follow-through between questions but may be in multi-stage calculations within a question.

2) Units or numbers shown in brackets on the mark scheme are not required for the awarding of mark/s on the candidate's paper. However, if a candidate states unit they must be correct:

eg 24(cm) means accept 24cm or 24 but not 24m

eg (£)72.5(0) means accept £72.50 or £72.5 or 72.50 or 72.5

3) Correct money format is expected in final answers unless otherwise indicated eg by brackets ie pounds must have two decimal places or no decimal places unless otherwise stated.

eg (£)5.00 or (£)5 not (£)5.0

eg (£)72.50 not (£)72.5

eg (£)37.43 not (£)37.432

4) URT means unrounded, rounded or truncated; the underlining defines the acceptable limit of approximation:

eg 860. 8652 URT (U is the unrounded version)

the following are acceptable: 860 (T) or 861 (R) 860.8 (T) or 860.9 (R) or 860.86 (T) or 860.87 (R) or 860.865 (R) or 860.8652 (U) but not eg 900.

The 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> columns of the mark schemes show the marks to be given for specific responses. Marks in bold are for fully correct answers. Where full marks are not achieved, examiners will award the marks that correspond to the responses given in the grey rows below. Any unforeseen but creditable responses are noted during the early stage of marking and are considered and, where appropriate, added to the mark scheme by the Chief Examiner when the mark scheme is finalised.

Where the marks are awarded for a *complete correct method with one calculation error*, examiners give the mark for a substantially correct solution with a single accuracy error or single (or consistent) early rounding, but not with a method error.

**Maths Level 1 Sample paper 2: Section 1 – Non-calculator**

*For paper-based, examiners should accept correct answers given as words, including misspelt variants. Candidates must not lose marks for incorrect spelling.*

Question	Total marks	Marks	Marks awarded for	Item type	Subject content ref
1	1	1	8.467	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS3 [1]
2	1	1	2 (cm)	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS23 [1]
3	1	1	81	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS6 [1]
4	1	1	8	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS7 [1]
5	1	1	D	UPK MC fixed response	SCS26 [1]
6	1	1	246 805	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS1 [1]
7	1	1	A (0.4)	UPK MC fixed response	SCS16 [1]
8	1	1	B (-2)	UPK MC fixed response	SCS2 [1]
9	1	1	57 (kg)	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS29 [1]
10	1	1	22 100	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS28 [1]
11	1	1	36 - 45 AND 56 - 64	Problem solving Short answer fixed response	SCS12 [1]
12	2	2	1:2	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS17 [2]
		1	270 ÷ 135 seen or 135 ÷ 270 seen or 2 : 1 seen ratio not in simplest form eg 27 : 54 eg 45 : 90		
13	2	2	$\frac{1}{3}$	Problem solving Short answer fixed response	SCS31 [2]
		1	4 and 12 seen		
<b>Total for Section 1</b>					<b>15 marks</b>

**Maths Level 1 Sample paper 2: Section 2 – Calculator**

*For paper-based, examiners should accept correct answers given as words, including misspelt variants. Candidates must not lose marks for incorrect spelling.*

Question	Total marks	Marks	Marks awarded for	Item type	Subject content ref
1	1	1	18.8	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS29 [1]
2	1	1	square drawn with sides of 2cm	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS24 [1]
3	1	1	$4\frac{1}{8}$	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS8 [1]
4	1	1	B	UPK Multiple Choice fixed response	SCS13 [1]
5	1	1	60	UPK Short answer fixed response	SCS4 [1]
6	1	1	no AND valid explanation eg 540 cm is the same as 5.4 m eg there are 100 cm in a m, not 10.	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS20 [1] CHECK
7	3	3	(£) 2625	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS5 [1]
		2	(£) 125 seen		SCS18 [1]
		1	0.05 seen		SCS16 [1]
8	3	3	(£)23.30	Problem solving Short answer fixed response	SCS11 [3]
		2	(£)18.30 seen		
		1	12.2 x 1.5 seen		
9	4	4	value calculated by approximation eg £4500 from approximate total loans £18000 ÷ 4 accept other values calculated by approximation	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS15 [2] SCS1 [2]
		3	value for the total spent calculated by approximation eg £13500 from approximate loans = £18000		
		2	£9000 AND £4500 seen		
		1	£9000 or £4500 seen		
10	4	3	11.2 (m <sup>2</sup> )	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS22 [4]
		2	13 (m <sup>2</sup> ) and 1.8 (m <sup>2</sup> ) seen		
		1	13 (m <sup>2</sup> ) or 1.8 (m <sup>2</sup> ) seen		
		1	Yes AND valid explanation which includes figures eg 11.2 (m <sup>2</sup> ) < 12 (m <sup>2</sup> ) eg the area of the wall is 11.2 (m <sup>2</sup> ) and he has enough for 12 (m <sup>2</sup> ) follow through their values for areas		
11	4	4	6 km	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS20 [1]
		3	6000m seen		SCS21 [2]
		2	1.2 km or 1200m seen		SCS22 [1]
		1	350m or 0.35km or 250m or 0.25km seen		

12	5	5	(£)12247.20	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS14 [2] SCS2 [2]								
		4	(£)81648 x 0.15 or equivalent or value for 15% of their total seen or complete correct method with one calculation or rounding error										
		3	(£)81648 for correct total or (£)62712 and (£)18936 seen										
		2	(£)62712 or (£)18936 seen										
		1	1578 seen or 15% seen or x 0.15 or x 0.85 or equivalent seen for attempting percentage calculation										
13	5	5	5 (bags)	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS11 [1] SCS12 [1] SCS3 [1] SCS23 [2]								
		4	4.5 (bags) seen or complete correct method with one calculation or rounding error										
		3	225 (litres) seen or a value for their volume x 1000 ÷ 50										
		2	0.225 (m <sup>3</sup> ) seen or value for their volume x 1000										
		1	0.5 x 0.25 x 1.8 seen or ÷ 50 seen										
14	5	2	<p>correct grouping of all 20 scores with 3 equal groups boundaries and correct totals for each group</p> <p>eg</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Scores</th> <th>Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0-10</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11-20</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>21-30</td> <td>9</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>eg 0-10 6, 8, 6, 3, 7 11-20 15, 12, 17, 18, 11, 18 21-30 24, 29, 24, 22, 25, 27, 28, 27</p>	Scores	Total	0-10	5	11-20	6	21-30	9	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS28 [5]
		Scores	Total										
		0-10	5										
		11-20	6										
		21-30	9										
1	correct grouping of all 20 scores but unequal group boundaries or correct grouping of all 20 scores with overlapping boundaries												
1	bar chart with 3 bars for their grouped scores AND suitable axis labels												
1	suitable continuous scale starting at (implied) zero and going to at least 30												
1	all bar heights correct ± ½ one small square												
15	6	3	70% seen (for school grade 4 and above) meets target yes, AND valid explanation eg the target was 65% and 70% of learners have achieved Grade 4 or higher. No	Problem solving Short answer open response	SCS14 [3] SCS13 [2]								
		2	140 and 60 seen or 140 and 200 seen										
		1	140 or 60 or 200 correct method for calculating percentage seen										
		1	yes (target met) AND explanation eg 70% > 65% eg grade 4 and above 70% is better than target										

			<b>follow through their results</b>		
		<b>1</b>	<b>73% (for national grade 4 and above) seen</b>		
		<b>1</b>	<b>No, (school not better than national) AND explanation eg 70% &lt; 73% eg 73% is more than school average follow through their results</b>		
<b>Total for Section 2</b>					<b>45 marks</b>

**Pass mark = 35 out of 60**